

Princip och tillämpningar av aktiv vibrotemografi

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MONIT SHM

Spin-off company of **AGH – University of Science and Technology** in Krakow



Knowledge



Technology

Procedures



AGH

Prototypes



Technology and Knowledge Transfer



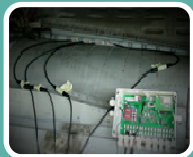
MONIT SHM – Products & services



Active Thermography Measurement Systems



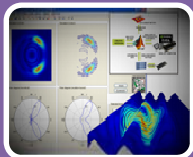
Guided Wave Propagation Technique
Hardware & Software Solutions



SHM System Based on Electromechanical
Impedance Measurement

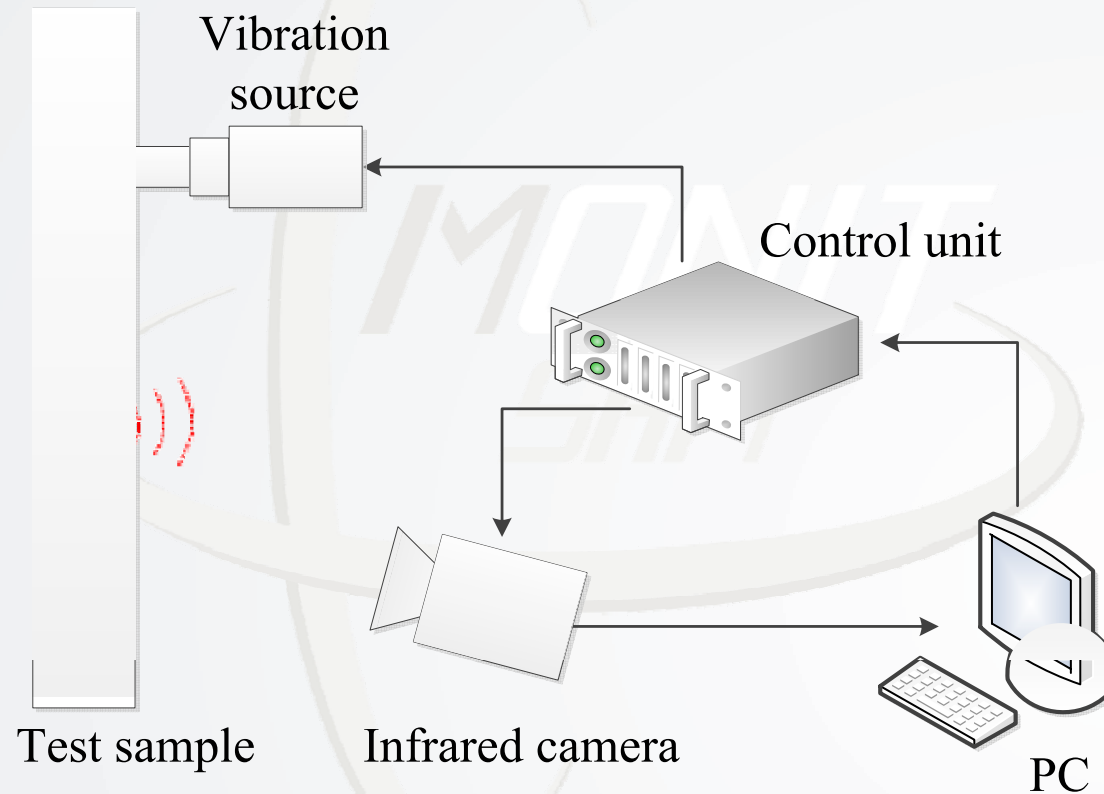


Modal Analysis Based Monitoring System



Elastic Wave Propagation Simulation System
Based on Parallel Processing Architecture

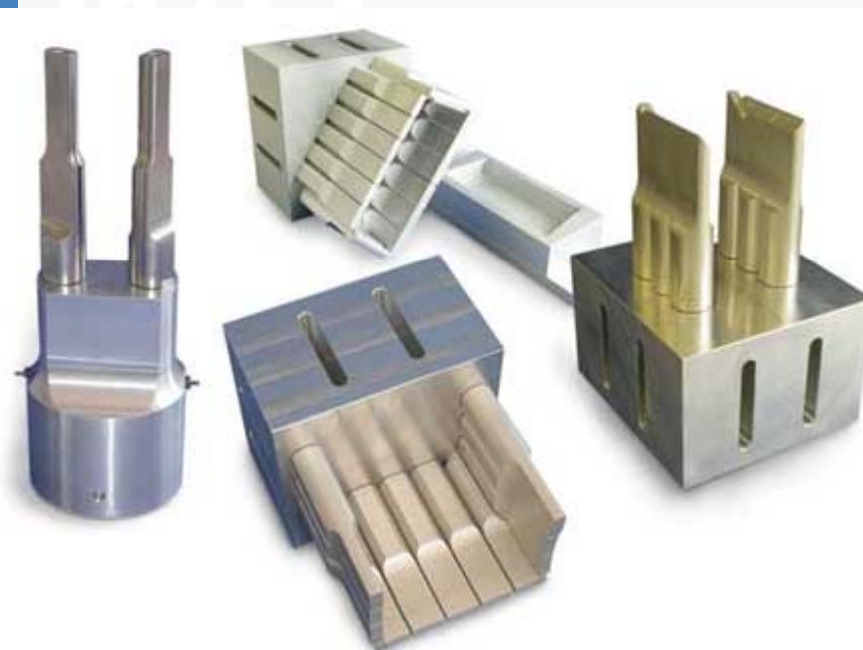
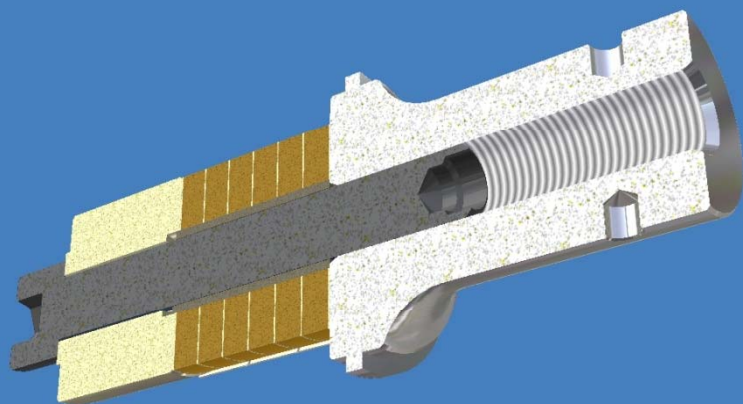
Active thermography with ultrasound excitation



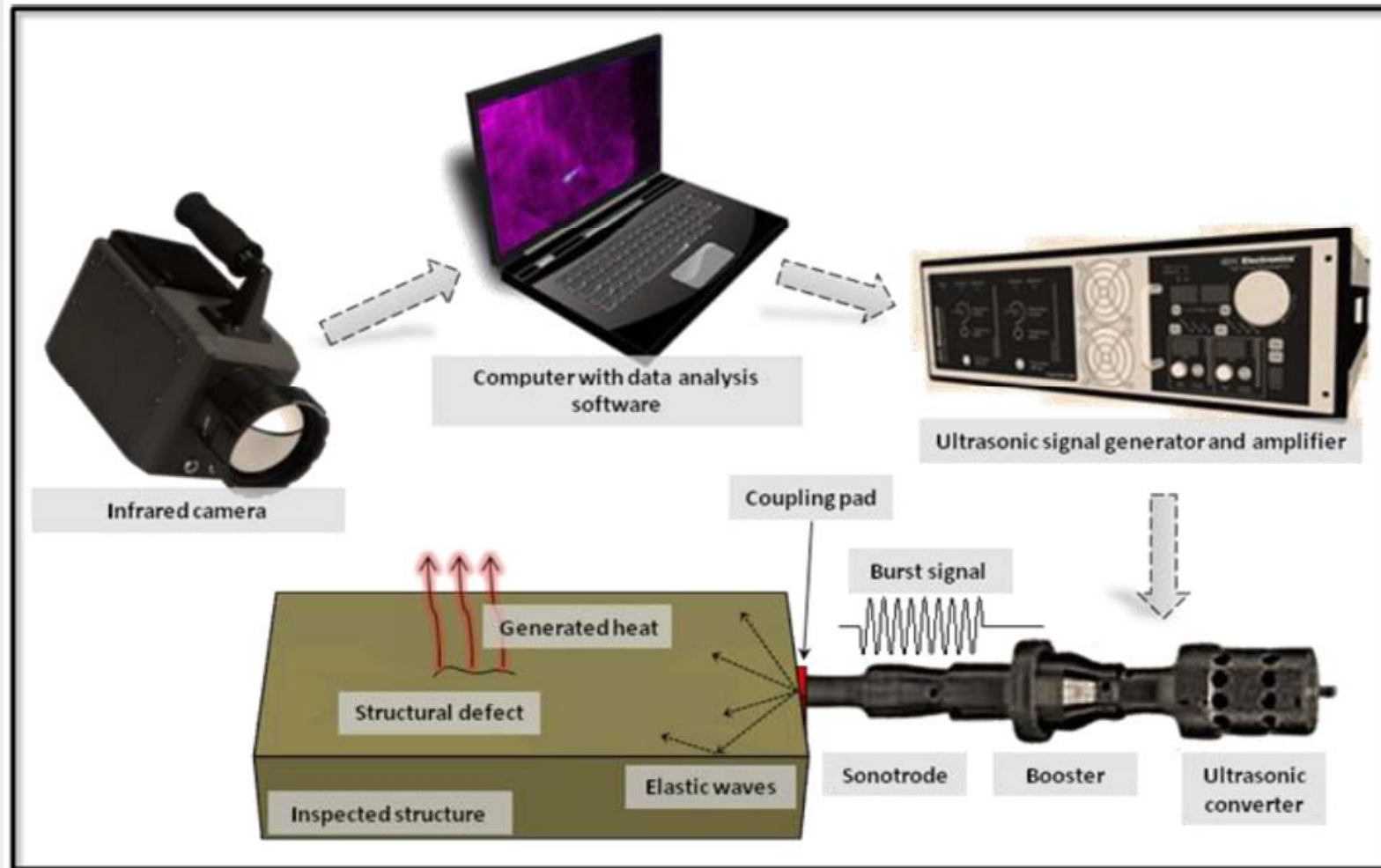


Sonotrode

– power ultrasound excitation



Active thermography with ultrasound excitation





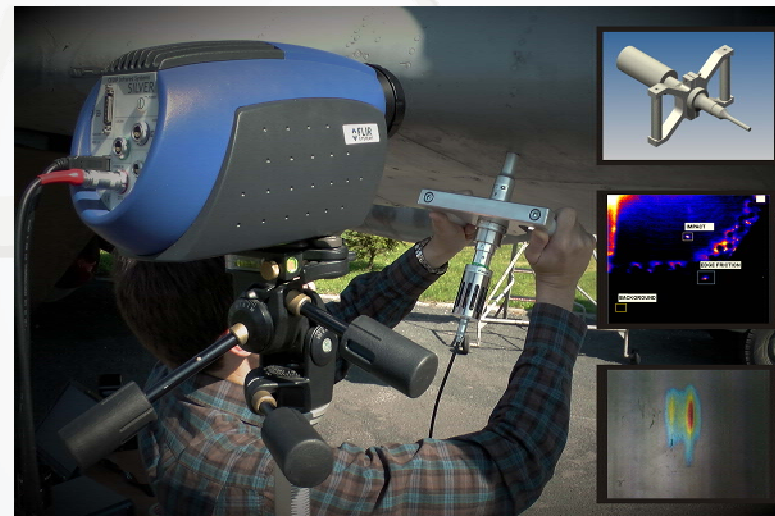
Active Thermography Technique

Main application areas

- Detection of cracks in composites, metals and ceramics
- Impact damage detection in composites;
- Welded joints testing
- Quality assessment of bolted joints, rivets and glued joints

Main advantages

- Nondestructive and noncontact measurement - apart from the excitation point in vibrothermography
- Large inspection area
- Short measurement time - typically from few seconds to few minutes
- Detection, localization and quantification of damage
- Easy interpretation of results - damage visualized on the structure with image overlay technique.





Active thermography with ultrasound excitation

Handheld instrument

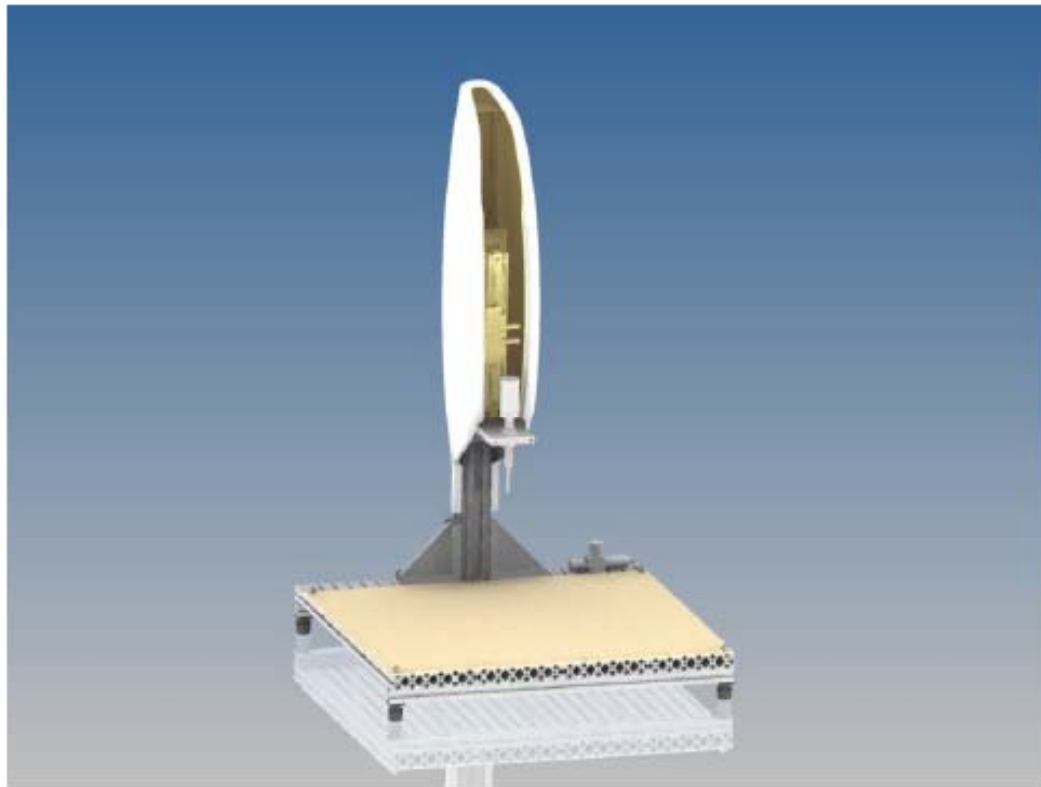




Active thermography with ultrasound excitation

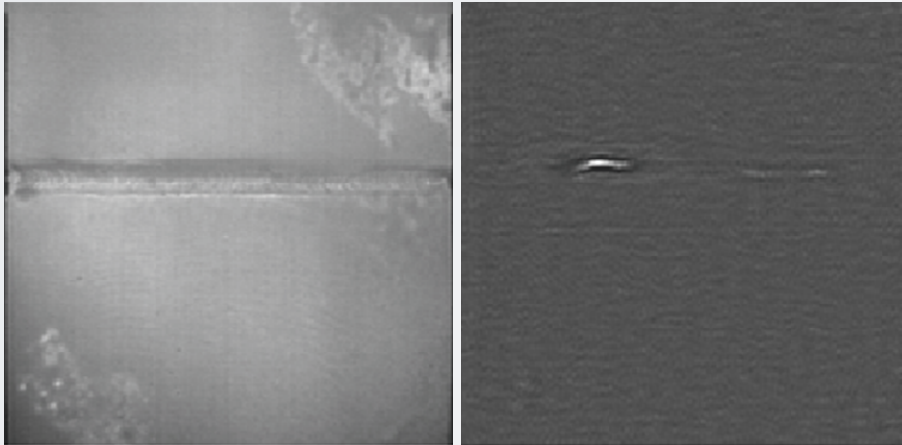
Laboratory instrument

with pneumatic control of the clamping force between
excitation module and tested component.





Example of crack detection in carbon steel weld test specimen

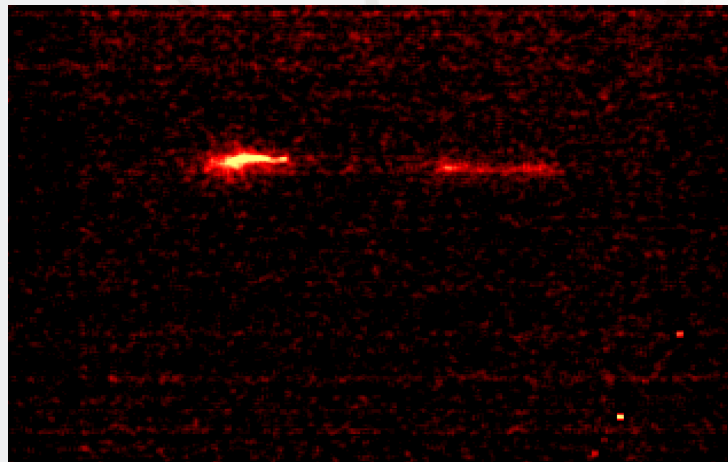


Weld test specimens

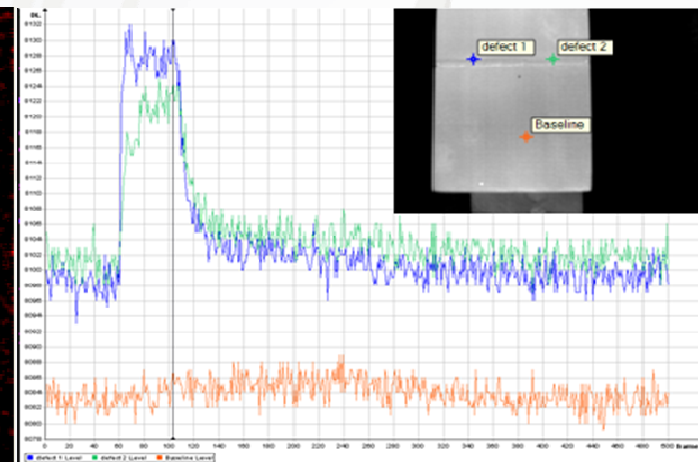
Two different defects:

- root crack and lack of fusion have been detected and confirmed by standard ultrasonic inspection.

Thermographic image



Temperature profile





Example of flaw detection in carbon steel weld test specimen

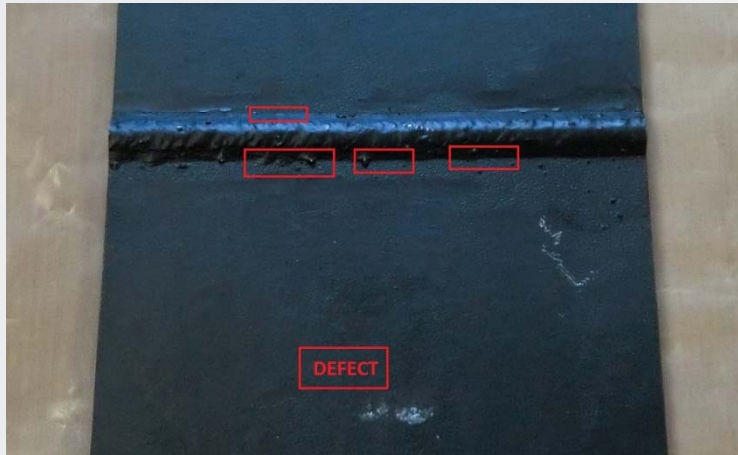


Weld test specimens – cold laps in weld

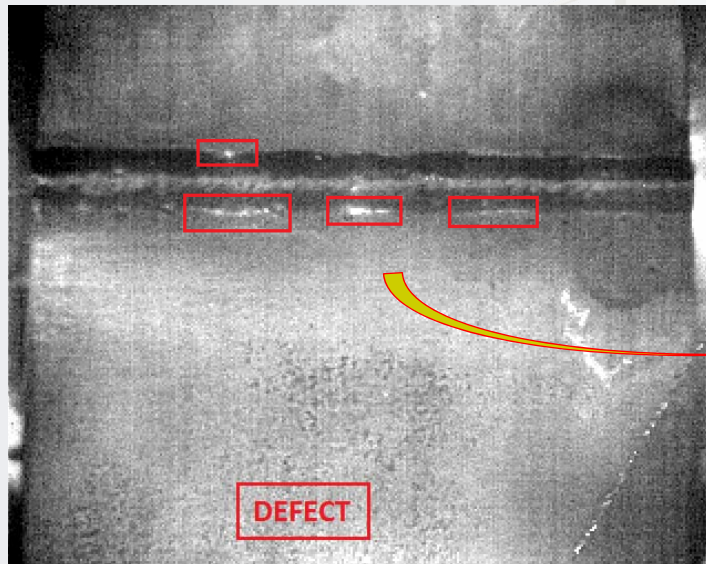




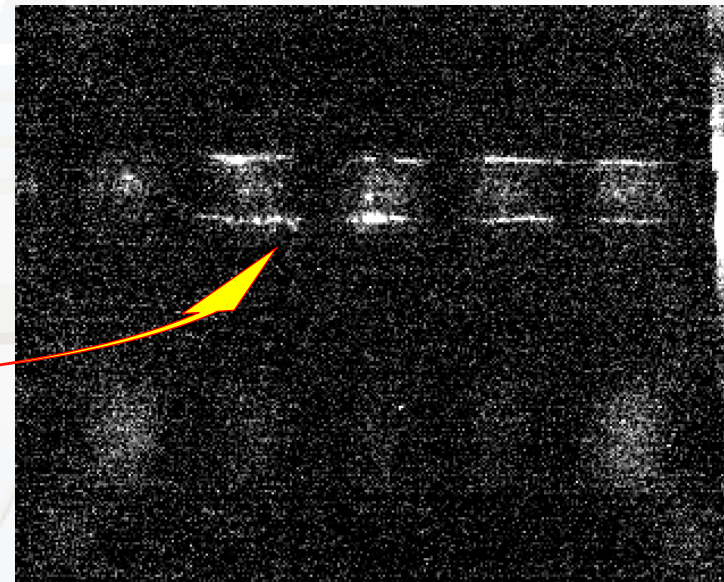
Example of flaw detection in carbon steel weld test specimen



Weld test specimens – cold laps in weld



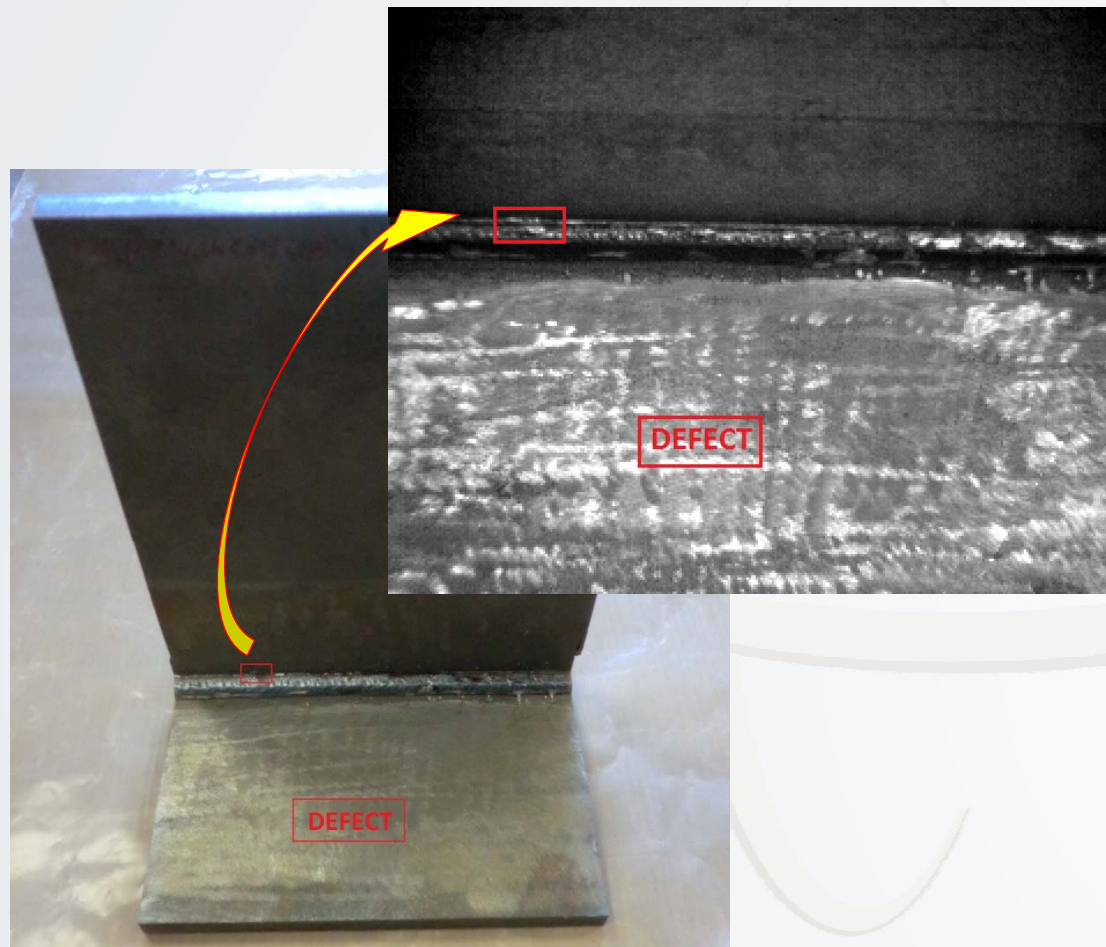
Thermographic image



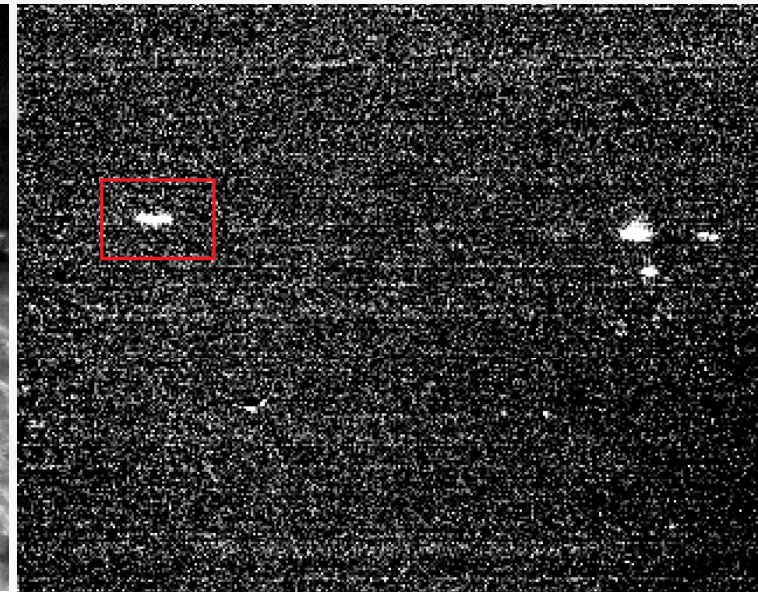


Example of flaw detection in carbon steel weld test specimen

Weld test specimens – cold laps in weld

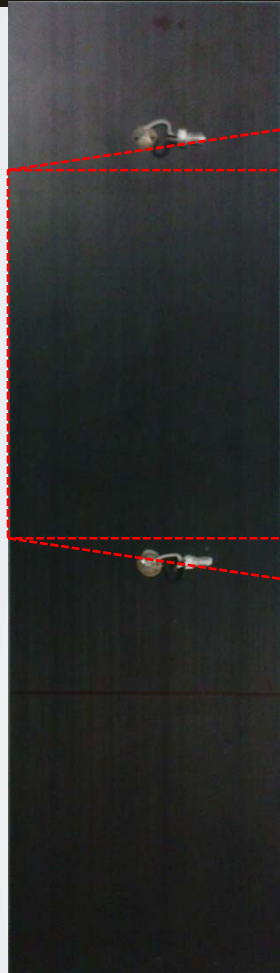


Thermographic image

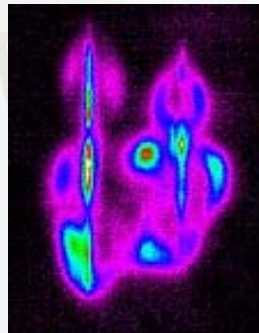


Damage identification in carbon epoxy plate

Vibrothermography



Identified damage

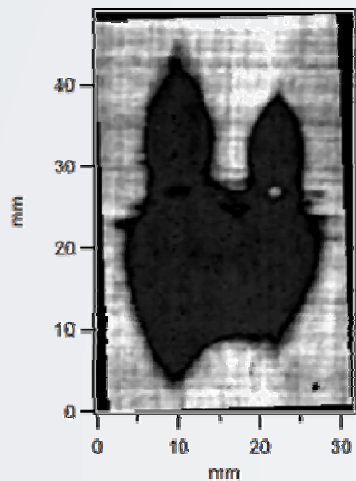


Playback – slow motion 4x (total real time=2.5 s)

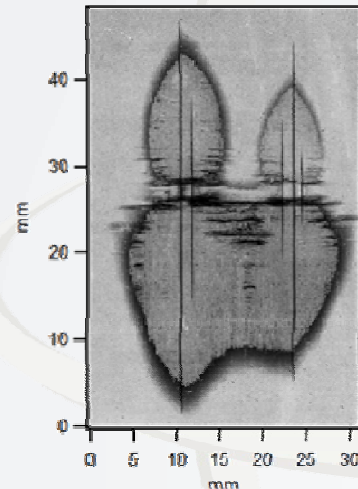


Damage identification in carbon epoxy plate

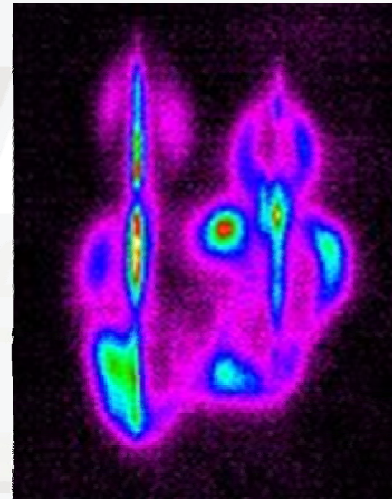
A **carbon epoxy prepreg plate** with barely visible impact damage has been tested with use of a handheld ultrasonic excitation system.



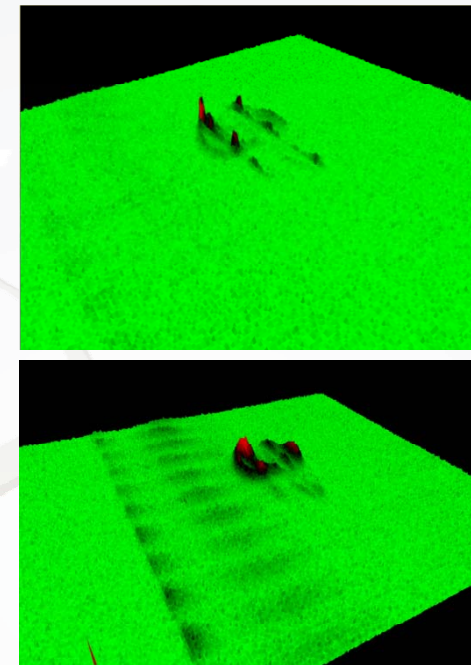
UT C-Scan



X-Ray



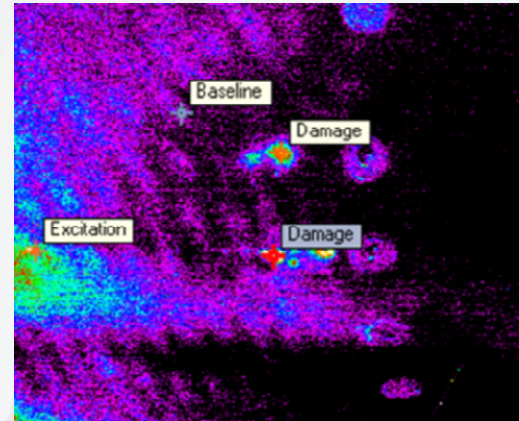
3D image of damaged area



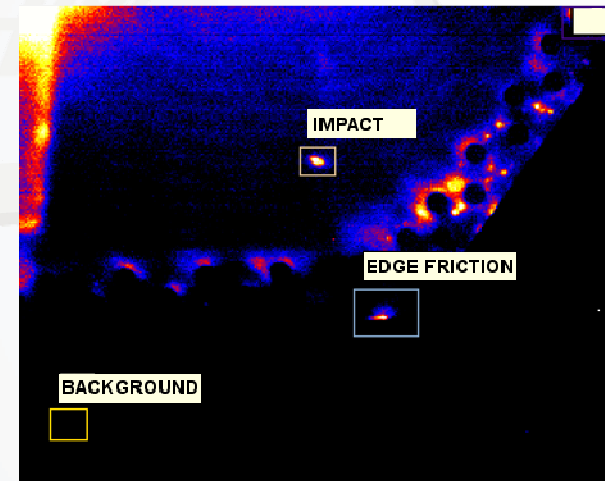
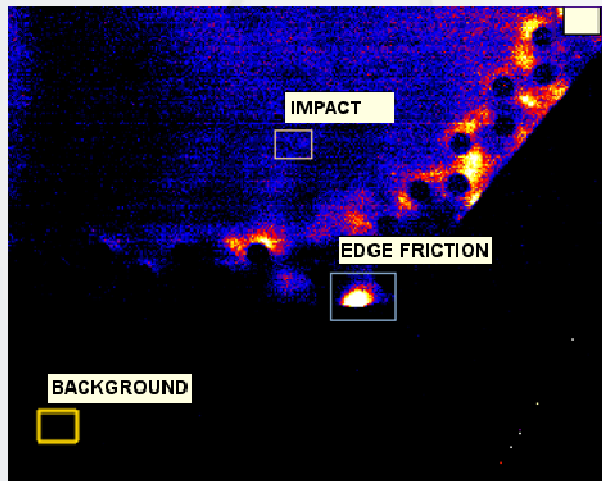
Result of the image processing technique



System tests on MIG29 aircraft



Tested element of the MIG-29 airplane wing





Thank you for your attention !



MONIT
SHM



CERTIFICATE
Level 1 Thermographer

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